

# THE CHRONICLE

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VOL. XII, NO. 6.

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21st, 1919.

PRICE \$1.00 A YEAR.

## WM. LAUT

### Dual Grain Cleaner & Separator

A new, high grade machine which successfully separates Wild or Tame Oats, Thistles, and all other dockage and degrading material, once through without waste. Designed for great capacity, rapid work and perfect results for the farmer in cleaning all kinds of grain.

The Dual Grain Cleaner is as far ahead of any old style fanning mill as the gang plow is ahead of the walking plow. It will do as much work as can only be done otherwise by using two separate fanning mills and then running the grain over them twice.

The Dual Grain Cleaner and Separator is equipped with force speed, also repeat elevator.

The repeat system is regulated by a board which is adjusted to various points over the screen so that any portion of the grain may be thrown into same and re-run. This is regulated to meet the mixture by raising or lowering it. For instance, if your grain contains a dockage matter from 15 to 20 pounds, it is necessary to run more into your repeat than if it contains the same matter at the rate of 5 to 10 pounds to the bushel. The more dockage, the more grain must be run through the repeat.

Double Screen—This feature is a wonderful improvement over a single screen, in that it gives you actual double screening surface. A buckwheat type screen is used which prevents clogging. Each screen runs into a separate pan, so that the weed seeds are thoroughly taken care of and a perfect job is turned out. Using a double screen, a thinner bed of grain can be made to pass over the screen, better work resulting.

This machine is equipped with two gangs of sieves. The frames of each gang of sieves are well made, so braced to insure long life and prevent sagging. The top gang immediately produces a clean product which is stone dry, away from the rest of the grain and dropped to the third sieve of lower gang to be finished.

**William Laut,**  
Groceries, Hardware, Implements, Harness.

### CROSSFIELD DISTRICT CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION U.F.A. LIMITED.

Posts and Rails, Willow, Cedar and Tamarac.  
Apples still \$2.00, a box not many left.  
Pure Maple Syrup. Grain Picklers.  
Bull Dog Fanning Mills. Timothy Seed.  
All kind of Farm Machinery.

For Sale—Young Pigs. Apply V. B. Arnold.

For Sale—Horse. Apply J. G. Riddell.

For Sale or Trade—One International 10-20 Tractor and Plows. Apply W. J. Watkins.

For Sale or Trade—Pure-bred Clydesdale Stallion. Apply L. Bone.

For Sale—A quantity of Government tested Timothy Seed at 13c l.o.b. Crossfield. Sacks extra. Phone 1204. D. J. Miller.

For Sale—One Registered 3 year old Shorthorn Bull. J. A. Sackett.

For Sale—500 bushels of Seed Barley, Grown on Summer fallow. Apply W. B. Stafford.

Wanted to Buy—Feed Barley and Oats, also O.A.C., Victory, Banner and Marquis for Seed. Phone 408.

For Sale Cheap—One 8ft. Deering Hay Rake, one Massey Sulky Plow, 16in. with breaker and Stubble bottom. Apply at U.F.A., or to H. Callaway.

For Sale—Four Teams, Geldings and Mares, from 1400 to 1600 each. Apply D. J. Miller.

WANTED: Horses to pasture. Apply to I. C. Hubbs.

FOR SALE: Moline 14in gang, in good repair. Apply at office.

FOR SALE: Ross Comb R.L. Red Cockerels. \$2.00 each. Phone 1210 Jas. Miller.

## ATLAS LUMBER COY.

WHEN YOU BUILD YOUR FENCE

Plan to Put Up a "CANT SAG GATE."

They make a place look like something.

ALL KINDS OF GOOD POSTS, Tamarac,

Cedar and Willow

Corner Posts 10ft. and 8ft., Tamarac Poles

Get my Price. A. C. McLEES.

### J. A. VALIQUETTE, LL.B.,

BARRISTER-SOLICITOR-NOTARY

Room 3 Alberta Hotel, Crossfield

every Saturday.

Calgary Office: 810A First Street West.

Phone 41467.

Money to Loan.

### Local and General

Mrs. Swenerton's father and sister are visiting at the Parsonage.

Frank Hopper has moved out of town to his ranch out west.

W. Time has been having his premises enlarged, tearing down the partition dividing the two front rooms of his store thereby making a larger shop.

We hear of a transfer of property taking place during the week, between H. H. Kerbaugh and Louie Overby.

Louie Overby has been appointed sanitary officer in place of Frank Hopper resigned.

The McCool's have added to their farm by purchasing a portion of the Boyle estate.

The Flag was hoisted half mast on the Town Hall and Local School in sympathy with the death of Sir Wilfred Laurier.

### CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION.

Sunday, February 23rd.

10 a.m. Sunday School.

11 a.m. Morning Prayer, and

Sermon.

An important meeting of the vestry will be held at the home of Mr. G. McLeod, on Saturday, the 22nd Feb., at 8 p.m.

### UNION CHURCH, CROSSFIELD.

Rev. R. K. Swenerton, B.A., B.D. Pastor.

Sunday School & Bible Class 2 p.m.

Preaching Service 7-80 p.m.

Mission Band, Tuesday 4-15 p.m.

A fifteen minute Sing-song will precede the regular service next Sunday night. Come prepared to call for your favorite hymns. The subject of the sermon, "Our faith in Home." The Church needs you, and you need the Church.

At the monthly meeting of the Women's Guild, of the Church of the Ascension, held Feb. 13, it was decided to meet every Thursday afternoon from 3 to 4.30 to see for a Bazaar to be held about Easter.

### PLAY FRIDAY, MARCH 14th

It has been decided to hold the play "Irish Eden," Friday, March 14th. Please keep this date open.

Mrs. S. Adderly and Mrs. A. Parker, sister of the editor were visitors during the early part of the week.

W. Church late of Sampsonston is in charge of the new branch office of the Calgary Realty Co in town.

Mrs. Belshaw wishes to thank all her many kind friends for their kind inquiries and floral tributes during her illness. The doctor reports satisfactory progress being made.

We hear W. Fenwick has rented the farm from H. M. Onell. It is his intention to let his two sons rent the place.

Mrs. W. McRory attended the annual meeting of the Provincial Red Cross Society held at Calgary on Monday last.

Save your Eyes! See Dr. M. Mechenburg, the Eye Sight Expert will again be at the Hotel, Crossfield, on Friday, February, 28th.

## The CROSSFIELD CASH STORE

Cash Prices offer you the following

Everyday Bargains:--

Best B.C. Canned Tomatoes

5 for \$1.00, 12 for \$2.50

Ontario Canned Peas, 7 for 1.00

Lennox laundry Soap, 18 bars 1.00

Braids Ideal Tea, per lb. 50c

Ontario Dried Apples, 5lbs. 1.00

Old Kentucky Tobacco, 2 for 35c

Men's Guaranteed Work Shoes

\$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00 a pair

100 JUTE SACKS CHEAP

Feb. 21st, 1919

Phone 33.

## Crossfield CASH MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Cured Meats and Fish always on hand

Good Variety of Smoked Meats at the Lowest possible Prices.

We are always open to buy Beef Cattle or Stockers. If you have anything to sell call and see us. Best prices paid.

Phone 24. Highest Price Paid for Hides and Poultry.

TIMS & CUMING, Props.

## FARMS & RANCHES FOR SALE

We are Opening a branch office in Crossfield, and we will be glad to get a listing of your Properties for Sale. Call and see us.

"GOOD RESULTS IF PRICES ARE RIGHT."

## CALGARY REALTY CO. Ltd.,

HEAD OFFICE:

811a-1st STREET EAST

CALGARY.

## CROSSFIELD GARAGE

C. C. SMART, Proprietor.

Agent for CHEVROLET CARS.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING.

All Kinds of Ford Repairs in Stock. Tires & Accessories.

Rebuilders of Stationary, Traction, Gasoline or Steam

Engines and Separators.

Manufacturers of Conker Patent Clothes Rels.

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FROM DOCUMENT AVAILABLE





# FARM ARCHITECTURE AND BUILDING

## Why Build in 1919?

### Combination of Circumstances Which Will Bring Revival of Building

There never was a time when Canada, from coast to coast, needed building up so much as right now. Public works, railway construction, municipal improvements and housing in cities and towns, all figure in the after-the-war revival of building. Naturally, there is a tendency just at the present time, for holding back, with the expectation that labor and materials will ease off, but as soon as the spring of 1919 opens we may expect to see many new projects started. Our railway systems need to be overhauled, our canals and docks need repairs and extensions, public highways must be constructed, warehouses, factories, and residences must be built. The shortage of coal has brought home to us all the importance of developing our coal mines, and our timber industry has bright prospects to be kept active in the rebuilding of shattered Europe.

Already the federal government has taken a firm stand in going ahead with many big public works that were held up during the war. Municipalities having had their borrowing restrictions removed, are doubling their budgets this year, to provide for the necessary work that has been shelved since 1914. Manufacturers and merchants are realizing that to keep pace with the spirit of the times, extensions are needed. A general survey of housing accommodations in cities of 25,000 population and over, goes to show that a serious shortage of houses exists all over the country. In summing up the situation in the west there is a combination of circumstances that gives reasons why building should go ahead in 1919. These might be classed as follows:

That with the speedy return of our soldiers from overseas it is imperative that employment should be provided.

That factory facilities for producing construction and building materials are available at all points.

That there is little danger of labor troubles during the demobilization and reconstruction period, as skilled mechanics, laborers, capital and industry, are all displaying a spirit of "give and take," that makes for safety this year.

That contractors who have been hard hit during the war are willing to take small profits on contracts.

That prices for building, factory and warehouse sites, and for homes, are much cheaper than in pre-war years.

That our railways are better able to make quick and sure delivery of material than in the rush seasons of war and pre-war days.

That in stimulating the building trade, it means that subsidiary trades, like kept going, will pay rolls, which in itself, spells prosperity.

That if public works, railway construction, municipal improvements and building generally is proceeded with, it will show the world the confidence in Canada, thus bringing in more capital, industry and immigration.

Immigration and capital is what Canada needs. Take western Canada, two-thirds the size of the United States, having a population of less than one person to the square mile, while Great Britain has 470, France 190 and the United States 33. Surely under these favorable settlement conditions Canada will be the magnet for men and money during reconstruction. Following the civil war people scoffed at the idea that Chicago would ever become more than a healthy lake town, but agricultural and commercial conditions demanded a great city at the spot where Chicago now stands. So it is with many of the cities of western Canada today, with this difference, that no country in the history of the world has attracted to its borders a larger number in so short a time, previous to what we have than has the Canadian west. The fact that large American financial institutions are already establishing branches in Canada and that Canadian banking houses are extending their service in Great Britain, Europe, and even in the far east, gives hope to Canada of being in a position to

participate in foreign trade to a considerable extent.

During pre-war years Western Canada was favorably known in all civilized countries. Canadian soldiers have had the opportunity of mingling with millions of men during the great war, with the result that just hand information has been told of the advantages that Canada, as a land of promise, offered after the war. All pre-war publicity and the convincing facts spread by our men at the front will now begin to bear fruit. What has been held up by war conditions, whether it has been building, real estate, industrial or commercial development, should commence to come back in the near future, in greater volume than ever. The come-back will be gradual and no boom can be expected. Cost of labor, cost of materials, and cost of capital, are elements entering into the speedy revival of building. These must all find a working level. A vision of Canada's future, with a united effort of all classes interested to get together, is the surest and safest way to solve our reconstruction problems. As Kipling says:

"It ain't the guns or the armament, or funds that they can pay, But the close co-operation that makes them win the day; It ain't the individual, nor the army as a whole,

## CONSTRUCTION WORK

### New York

"Since January 1 we have been very busy in the sales department and several important deals are now pending. It is interesting to note that many of the 'old-time' buyers are coming back into the market men who have not bought realty for several years. These people have kept in touch with conditions and feel that the turning point has been reached and an active market will arrive in the near future.

"The money market situation is not altogether satisfactory, though we find a considerable amount of second mortgage money available. It will only take a little time before all the adverse conditions are eliminated and then we will see one of the good old markets, which we read about occasionally in the papers." — From the New York Herald.

### St. Paul Press

The number of houses to be built in St. Paul in 1919 will double the total for the big building year of 1914.

The cost of building such homes will be very nearly normal, around the price prevailing at the beginning of 1918.

Lots—home building property—are lower in price in St. Paul than in many smaller towns of this state and Wisconsin. Taxes also are comparatively low. So are water and insurance rates.

St. Paul is a town of home owners, not cave dwellers.

Probably 60 per cent. of St. Paul home owners have vegetable gardens of their own, the richness of the soil upon which homes are built making gardening not only feasible but profitable.

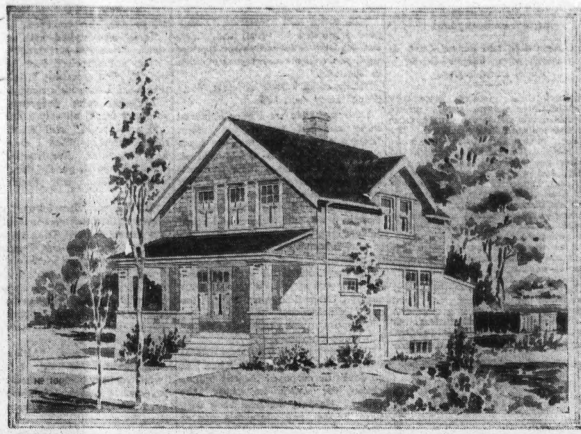
This is a brief survey of St. Paul, as seen by T. D. McNulty, real estate man and home builder, who adds: "Increase in the cost of building materials is not so great as is generally supposed. St. Paul yards are well stocked with lumber at practically old prices because shipping restrictions prevented shipments out of the city except on government order." From the St. Paul Press.

### Duluth

The Minnesota Realty Owners' and Dealers' association, formed in Minneapolis recently, will begin a campaign at once for the promotion of home and farm ownership in Minnesota. Special committees will be appointed to direct the campaign. They will work in co-operation with the publicity committee in sending out information as to the desirability of property in the Minnesota cities and as to the farms of the state.

In all probability, officers of the association say, the home owning campaign to be conducted by the Minneapolis Real Estate board in the spring will be made a state-wide campaign. Efforts will be made to have

## A Compact Six-Room House



the Duluth and St. Paul Real Estate boards put on a campaign at the same time.—From the Duluth Herald.

## Return of School Lands Sale

What are Considered to Be Fair Average Values

The returns on school lands during 1918 give a fairly good idea of the demand for land in the prairie provinces of Canada, and of what are considered to be fair average values. All told, there were sold in Saskatchewan and Alberta 623,119 acres, which realized \$13,448,271, and on which \$1,384,613 were paid in cash. The average price per acre in Saskatchewan last year was higher than in Alberta, being \$22.29 to \$17.38.

In 1917 the highest average price, \$19.20, was realized in Alberta. In Saskatchewan the average was \$18.90. In Manitoba it was \$11.30. It is thus to be seen that the highest average this year was \$3.00 per acre over that in 1917. The average price realized in Saskatchewan this year was \$3.39 over that in 1917.

As an evidence of how farm values have increased in the prairie provinces during the last two years the following average prices realized at school lands sale will be of interest:

	Man.	Sask.	Alta.
1916	\$9.43	\$14.26	\$14.00
1917	11.30	18.90	19.20
1918	—	22.29	17.38

School lands consist of lands reserved in Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba with the object of establishing a fund for educational purposes in the three provinces. They comprise two sections (1,280 acres in every township, or one-eighth of the entire area of the three provinces). The lands are administered in trust by the Dominion government, and can only be disposed of at a sale by public auction to the highest bidder. Sales are held yearly in various parts of the provinces, provided conditions are favorable, the land being sold on ten year payment terms.

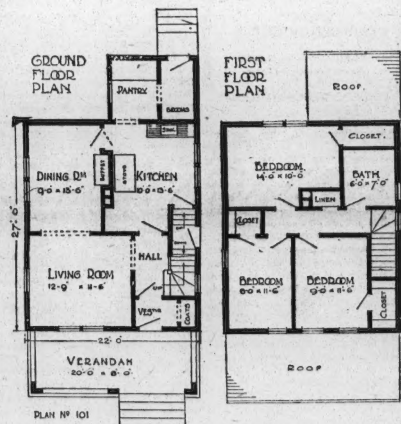
## 500 Millions Construction Work in 1919

Minneapolis Has \$10,000,000 in Expenditures on Construction Work in Sight

The projected construction, compiled from reliable sources, shows that expenditures aggregating over \$500,000,000 will be under way before the end of 1919 in the United States. This tremendous outlay is reported by various publishers of journals issued for the guidance of architects, contractors and dealers in various building lines. The proposed construction embraces industrial and office buildings, apartment houses, hotels and residences, institutional, church and municipal building, etc.

There are hundreds of localities where building activities are resuming from which no reports are available, which will materially swell the already large figures.

The following figures by cities show the distribution of activities



This compact dwelling has been designed with all the conditions for convenience and comfort in a western Canadian home definitely in mind. The small closed porch with the pantry in the lean-to forms a double break between the kitchen and the rear entrance that will make both for convenience at all seasons and comfort in winter for the housewife. The other details of this home have received similar careful consideration by the designer. Note the convenience of ample closet accommodation for the bedrooms, and the linen closet.

## Working Drawings

This paper has made arrangements to supply its readers with working drawings of the buildings shown here from week to week at the nominal price of five dollars per set. For further information address the editor.

## Has Modern Lumber Mill

Equipped With Machinery of Heavy Pacific Coast Type — Prince Rupert, B. C.—The new saw mill at Prince Rupert is one of the largest and said to be the most modern on the Pacific coast. It was designed with a view to efficiency and low cost of production. The plant consists of a saw mill, shingle mill, planing mill, dry kilns and storage sheds, with the possible addition of a box plant later, and will have a daily capacity of 125,000 feet of lumber and 150,000 shingles. The saw mill is 64 extra strong construction, 46 feet by 250 feet, two stories high and is equipped with machinery of the heavy Pacific coast type. A log lift is employed for taking the logs into the mill instead of the old type jack ladder, and this particular lift is an innovation in that it is a double lift, having two sets of cables, the one delivering the logs to the saw mill and the other throwing the logs to the shingle mill deck. A reversible engine of the twin feed type supplies power for the lift and is entirely independent of the other machinery in the mill.

## New Governor General

London. — A Sunday paper suggests that the Duke of Devonshire is shortly returning to England and will be succeeded by the Earl of Athlone. No confirmation of this claim is obtainable, though it is probably springs from the fact that the Duchess of Devonshire is in England.





# Anglo-American Understanding

Paris. — Every day that passes increases the certainty that Britain and the United States have reached an agreement on all fundamental questions and are working closely together. Both nations have made concessions; Britain has accepted the U. S. views as to certain vital phases of the league of nations and the U. S. has surrendered to Britain with respect to the old contention regarding freedom of the seas says a U. S. press correspondent.

No regret should be wasted over this surrender for it was the weakest point in the American program. Their original conception grew out of the controversies first with Britain and then with Germany over the rights of neutrals. The United States claimed the privilege under the existing sea laws of trading freely with both sides; Britain contended that while these laws were applicable in former times they were not so any longer since modern wars are fought, not between professional armies and navies, but between whole peoples. Everybody is a combatant in a certain sense and therefore everybody is to be combated. The United States practically acceded to this view, when on entering the war, they helped the allies to lighten the blockade.

The chief cause of the present concession to Britain is the realization that the day is indeed past when war can be fought according to rules. The league of nations may make all the rules it pleases; but when a great conflagration sweeps the world and the nations again plunge into a desperate life and death struggle all rules will be in vain for nobody will observe them. The real evil is not the breaking of war rules but war itself. Why, therefore, waste efforts in drafting rules which would be better expended towards preventing war altogether?

The best preventive plan yet suggested is the establishment of a league of nations. If a strong league, with suitable limitations of armaments, can be organized, the whole

question of the freedom of the seas immediately becomes a secondary one. This reasoning may be considered the basis of the present warm Anglo-American understanding.

## For Return of Kaiser

Paris. — Field Marshal von Hindenburg, according to the Echo de Paris, is endeavoring to bring about the return of former Emperor William, after the meeting of the national assembly. Leading German manufacturers in Westphalia are said to be interested in the plan. The newspaper adds that the former emperor wrote to Premier Ebert that he would accept whatever residence Germany was assigned to him. Ebert is said to have replied that only the national assembly would be qualified to decide the question.

## Strike Movement is Spreading in Belfast

City by Night is Now in Total Darkness

London. — It is estimated that nearly 200,000 men and women are idle in the United Kingdom and Ireland because of strikers in various trades, creating one of the most serious situations industrially that the country has had to face in many years. Half of the strikers are in Belfast, where the strike movement is continuing to spread.

The city of Belfast by night is now in virtually total darkness, the hospitals being the only places where lights can be shown without danger of attacks by strikers. Everywhere else the display of light has caused either the stoning or the stoning of the premises. In cases where such drastic action was not taken the people were forced by threats or screen their lights. Even in the private houses it is not considered safe to use more than one candle and the supply of candles is rapidly diminishing.

## Consider Adriatic Question

With View to Determine Merits of Claims Put Forward

Paris. — A commission, consisting of four admirals representing Great Britain, the United States, France and Italy, has been in session at Rome inquiring into the occupation of various ports along the eastern coast of the Adriatic.

This occupation came to the attention of the meeting of premiers held in London early in December prior to the arrival of President Wilson. It was decided to ask four admirals to make an inquiry with a view to determine the merits of respective claims being put forward in that region.

Meetings of the commission have been suspended indefinitely, it is said, owing to the withdrawal of the Italian representative, who is understood not to be in entire accord with his colleagues as to the desirability of the inquiry.

May Use Parcel Post

New York. — Parcel post may be used to combat the high cost of living in Greater New York. A plan to use the postal facilities to carry food into New York from the rural districts direct from producer to consumer, at a great reduction of prices to the people, is being investigated by Postmaster Patten. It will probably be put into operation in the near future, it is stated.

German Army Mobilized

Paris. — Two full corps of German troops have been assembled by the general staff to march against the Poles and eight troop trains are passing through Frankfurt-on-the-Oder daily, according to a Zurich despatch to the journal quoting the press of Baden-Baden.

## Buys Canada's Airplanes

American Will Inaugurate Aerial Service Throughout Canada  
New York. — The New York Sun says:

"Roy U. Conger, a nephew of Edwin H. Conger, United States minister to China at the time of the Boxer rebellion, gave his certified check to Sir Joseph Flavelle, representing the British ministry of munitions, and Director Morrow, of the imperial aircraft board, and thereby became the owner of the entire aircraft equipment, costing more than \$10,000,000, which was provided by Great Britain and used by Canada in training Canadian air fighters.

"The transaction was closed at Toronto, and the job of assembling 350 airplanes, 700 airplane engines, millions of spare parts, thousands of spare propellers, wings, canisters and other equipment, was at once begun under the direction of F. G. Erickson, of Toronto, Mr. Conger's Canadian representative.

"The whole equipment will be moved from the Royal Flying Corps training fields at Armour Heights, Rathburn, Mohawk, Beamsville and Borden to the field at Leaside, the use of which, rent free, has been granted by Mr. Conger for six months by the Dominion government.

"The price paid was not divulged at the request of the British government, but it was only a fraction of the original cost of the equipment.

"Mr. Conger's plans for the use and disposal of the equipment are merely in the making, but the greatest feature of them is the immediate development of airplane commercial routes in Canada. Absolutely convinced that heavier than air machines are to be the principal transporting medium and vehicles of the future for passengers, mail and express, and, in time, indeed, for heavy freight, the New Yorker proposes to establish out of his new department, regular commercial service by airplane between the principal Canadian cities. He has already taken measures, he said, to secure landing fees in the larger Canadian cities, and will have the sympathy and co-operation of the Dominion government in the project."

## Capture of Perm Ended Reds' Reign

In Three Months Whole Population Would Have Perished

Omsk, Central Siberia. — Death stalked the streets of Perm until the city was captured by General Galda, according to the official report of an investigator who has just returned from the Ural front. So terrible were conditions under the Bolshevik regime that the frightened people of Perm have not yet recovered. It is said that the few pedestrians encountered there were emaciated, with livid lips and a constant nervous trembling of the head and hands. There are no children less than a year old in Perm, all having died, says the report, which adds that in three months the whole population would have perished. There are well authenticated cases of torture, according to the report. Peasants were forbidden last June to take provisions into their territory. Some people hid supplies, but these were found and seized by the Bolsheviks, who spread terror throughout the whole region near Perm.

## More German Trickery

Faulty Knowledge of English Gives Scheme Away

Ottawa. — Germany has lost her war, but not its old time commercial trickery, according to advices received from overseas by the director of public information, Fred James, official correspondent with the Canadian corps, writes from Bonn, Germany, as follows:

An example of how the Germans are eager to get trade is shown by the fact that Canadian and Imperial military buttons, shoulder badges, etc., are on sale in the stores of Bonn and vicinity, the product of a factory at Coblenz.

They are very good imitations and might pass as British made if the manufacturers' knowledge of English were not faulty. On the back of the buttons is stamped "Extra fein."

# Apply Internationalism to Captured Hun Colonies

## Ypres as Memorial

London. — The decision of the Belgian government to maintain Ypres, the scene of several battles — between the British and the Germans, in its present condition as a permanent memorial is endorsed heartily by British press and public opinion.

"Ypres will be a memorial," says the Westminster Gazette, "in which future generations may learn the horror of war, there is nothing more impressive than the site of the stricken city with the skeletons of its once wonderful buildings rising gaunt into the sky. In a sense there are few things more beautiful. To patch it up would be impossible. Everyone, therefore, will welcome the decision that the remains of the old city shall be left intact instead of being cleared away.

The east abounds in the ruins of the last vestiges of once glorious civilization which have been overthrown. Ypres will stand for centuries as a reminder that civilization itself cannot be overthrown and as a monument to the generation sacrificed in its defence."

## Trouble in Holland

Suspected Strangers Under Police Supervision Will Be Interned

The Hague. — Again threatened with revolution, several towns in Holland are taking measures independent of government action. In Arnhem all the public buildings, post and telegraph offices are occupied by troops and civic guards. The Hague is known to be a centre of Bolshevik propaganda and suspected strangers who are under police supervision will probably be interned in a camp or on an island.

The minister of marine recently made a statement in the second chamber to the effect that when the revolution was threatened in November the fleet made arrangements with the revolutionaries to steam up to those towns that were accessible. This report caused a sensation. The union of naval officers at De Helder, the Dutch naval base, passed a resolution which they sent to the government and the states general urging the entire re-organization of the naval man power. They advised that all the men should be dismissed from the service with compensation and that a new system be adopted whereby all layers of the population would be represented in the fleet. The union urged the immediate institution of a mixed committee in which the civil element should predominate to consider these questions.

## Italy Apologizes

Washington. — Rear-Admiral Niblack, commanding American naval forces in the Adriatic, informed the navy department that the action of the Italian authorities in hauling down the American flag on the steamer Dintwa was due to a misunderstanding and that the Italian commander had apologized and ordered the flag restored.

## Must Re-take Narva

Stockholm. — Premier Lenine, according to a report from Revel, has ordered the Bolshevik troops to retake the town of Narva from the Estonians within a week, to mark the town and to fill all the bourgeois. Lenine is reported to be staying in the town of Yamburg, east of Narva.

London. — The British imperial war council has accepted President Wilson's theory of internationalization as applied to the captured German colonies, notwithstanding energetic protests from the representatives of the Dominions, says the Daily Mail's Paris correspondent.

"These protests," says the correspondent, "have been of the gravest character. The South African representatives believe acceptance will give the greatest encouragement to the rebel forces in South Africa which it ever has received during British administration. The Australian delegates feel that Australian public opinion will regard it as entirely unsatisfactory and inexplicable. The Dominion representatives generally, though very reticent, are greatly perturbed."

The Daily Mail cites Arabia and Mesopotamia as place where the possible inhabitants are capable of self-determination and would have their wishes put into effect by the league of nations.

Regarding safeguards under which the mandates would administer to the countries whose people are not ripe for self-determination, the Daily Mail says President Wilson proposes that the safeguards shall be settled by the peace conference or the league of nations, they being varied according to local conditions.

"President Wilson doubtless has before him," the correspondent continues, "the principles of colonial administration as those which the league must enforce by safeguard and the British view appears to be that under this system, while formal administration is given to President Wilson's theory, the right of government by the people to be taken for putting it into effect already reveals the gravest difficulties."

"It involves three difficulties of paramount importance."

"First—Who is to pay for the development of the territory?"

"Second—What rules regarding tariffs are to be observed?"

"Third—Are the mandates to be allowed to exclude people or capital they do not wish to enter?"

"President Wilson believes all these can be settled by separate consideration of the case of each territory. He even foresees the possibility of the league having revenue derived from constituent members, which might be spent in developing lands which it will nominally own."

"French, Italian and British colonial opinion is that any system of international control always has proved a failure and always will, and that the only right of interference which the league ought to assume would be the right to call to account any power whose government is injurious to the interests of the inhabitants."

"The colonial delegates declare that public opinion in their countries is quite incapable of appreciating the idea of administration under President Wilson's scheme, which may under certain circumstances, not differ materially from actual possession."

Ludendorff Lives Under an Alias

London. — Gen. Ludendorff, former quartermaster-general of the German army, has returned to Berlin, and is living in a small villa under an assumed name, according to an Exchange Telegraph company despatch from Amsterdam, because he fears hostile demonstrations. The general is said to have placed his services at the disposal of the government, which, it is added, declined them with thanks.

## CANADIAN BOOKS OF IMPORTANCE

### Three Times and Out

By Nellie L. McClung  
This is the story of Private Simmonds and his three attempts to escape from different German Prisons, as he told it to Mrs. McClung. You will enjoy reading one of the most thrilling stories of the War.  
Cloth. Price \$1.50.

### The Next of Kin

By Nellie L. McClung  
This was one of last year's big successes, and is still in popular demand. A copy of Mrs. McClung's Next of Kin should be in every Canadian home.  
Cloth. Price \$1.25.

### Willow the Wisp

By Archie P. McKislinie  
This great Outdoor Story is probably the most widely reviewed book this year. If you enjoy Gene Stratton Porter's books, buy this at once.  
Cloth. Price \$1.35.

### Love of the Wild

By Archie P. McKislinie  
The title signifies the atmosphere of this book. It is one of Mr. McKislinie's earlier successes and one of the qualities that has made his recent Willow the Wisp a success. Ask your bookseller for a copy at once in the rebound edition. Cloth. Price 75c.

### Harbor Tales Down North

### Battles Royal Down North

Both by Norman Duncan  
These two books are the last manuscripts of Norman Duncan, and are considered his best Labrador Tales.  
Cloth. Price \$1.35 each.

For Sale at all Bookstores

THOMAS ALLEN

Publisher  
TORONTO

W. N. U. 1249



## Make The Returning Soldier Welcome

**THIS** is an important hour for Canada. The nation is entering on a new era. It is passing from war to peace. Let us start this new era right. There are thousands of soldiers returning from overseas. The Government is doing all in its power to get these men back to civil life.

It is giving a *War Service Gratuity*—more than any other nation—to keep the soldier going till he gets a job.

It gives him a *pension*—where his usefulness is impaired by his service.

It teaches a man a *new trade* when his service unfits him for his former trade.

It gives him *free medical treatment* when illness recurs, and supplies free artificial limbs and surgical appliances.

It is bringing back to Canada at the public expense the *soldiers' dependents* now overseas.

But the Government, however willing, cannot provide the personal touch needed in this work of repatriation. That must be given by the people themselves.

The men who went from these parts to fight in Flanders deserve a real welcome home—the best we can give.

In most towns committees of citizens have already been organized to meet the soldiers and their dependents at the station, to provide hot meals, supply automobiles, afford temporary accommodation when necessary.

In addition, many other towns are organizing social gatherings to give public welcome to returned men after they have been home a few days.

After he has rested, the soldier must be provided with an opportunity for employment. In towns of 10,000 population, Public Employment Offices have been established to help soldiers, as well as war-workers, secure good jobs quickly. Where these exist, citizens should co-operate. Where they do not exist, the citizens themselves should help put the soldier in touch with employment.

The fighting job is done. It has cost many a heart-burning. But it has been well done. The least we can do is to show our appreciation in no uncertain manner.

Don't let the welcome die away with the cheers.



### The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

### THREE SIGNIFICANT POINTS about ALBERTA MUNICIPAL HAIL INSURANCE which should secure YOUR VOTE----

**THE LIBERAL WITHDRAWAL CLAUSES.** Any crop may be withdrawn entirely from the operation of the Act by giving notice to the Secretary-Treasurer before the 15th June. Crop destroyed by any other cause than hail may be withdrawn up to the 20th July, and a proportionate refund of premium will be allowed.

**EASY PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS.** Premiums are payable on or before 15th December without interest. This gives you Insurance on CREDIT terms at a CASH price.

**THE CHEAPEST SAFE PLAN of Hail Insurance yet devised.** It is not only a distinct asset to the individual but to the community as a whole. Moreover, the cost is so low that it does not prohibit any farmer from carrying additional insurance elsewhere.

For further information see your Secretary-Treasurer or write

**The Hail Insurance Board**

EDMONTON

ALBERTA

### Local and General

The Representative of the Provincial Health Department paid a visit to town on Tuesday paying special attention to privies and back yards, he promises another visit in the near future.

We have still a few of Dr. C. J. Korinek's veterinary books. The Veterinarian's are published at \$2.50 each, in order to dispose of the remainder of these valuable books, we will sell them at cost price, 50 cents each any one who has the handling of horses, cattle, swine, sheep and poultry. Can't afford to be without one of these books, while they last at 50 cents each.

A Debate on the New Hail Insurance Act will take place at Sunshine Schoolhouse, Wednesday, February 26th, at 8 p.m. E. D. High and G. Kinsey will take the affirmative and D. K. Fike and A. R. Thomas will speak on the negative side of the question. Come in crowds, all are welcome.

### Telephone Exchange Monthly Rate Schedule

In accordance with the increased cost of all public utilities throughout Canada, and especially in Telephone systems, in view of the added cost of maintenance and operation of each telephone unit proportionately with increased telephone development, the following Rate Schedule will be in force throughout the Alberta Government Telephone system effective April 1st, 1918.

#### EXCHANGE MONTHLY RATE SCHEDULE

Exchange Classification.	Business		Residence	
	Wall	Desk	Wall	Desk
(a) DAY SERVICE.....	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$1.50	\$1.75
(b) SEMI-CONTINUOUS SERVICE.....	2.75	3.00	1.75	2.00
(c) CONTINUOUS SERVICE.....				
Exchanges under 150 Stations.....	3.00	3.25	2.00	2.25
(d) CONTINUOUS SERVICE.....				
Exchanges between 150 and 500 Stations.....	3.25	3.50	2.00	2.25
(e) CONTINUOUS SERVICE.....				
Exchanges between 500 and 1000 Stations.....	3.75	4.00	2.25	2.50
(f) CONTINUOUS SERVICE.....				
Exchanges between 1000 and 5000 Stations.....	4.00	4.25	2.50	2.75
(g) CONTINUOUS SERVICE.....				
Exchanges between 5000 and 10,000.....	4.50	4.75	2.50	2.75
(h) CONTINUOUS SERVICE.....				
Exchanges between 10,000 and 15,000.....	5.00	5.25	2.50	2.75

#### Extension Sets and Extension Bells

Business Wall.....	\$1.00 per month.	Residence Wall 50c per month.
Desk.....	1.25 "	Residence Desk 75c "
Extension Bells.....	.25 "	" "
Load Ringing.....		
Extension Bells.....	.50 "	" "

#### Installation Charges.

A Service Connection charge covering a portion of the average cost of the initial expenses of establishing service for new subscribers and of furnishing additional facilities to old subscribers shall be as follows:

- (a) For individual or party line service, or extension set..... \$3.50
- (b) For each extension bell..... 2.00
- (c) To cover directory, accounting, circuit and switchboard expenses in cases where service established by the use of instruments already in place in the subscriber's premises and no change is made in the type or location of such instruments..... \$1.00
- (d) To reconnect service when discontinued for non-payment of account..... \$1.00
- (e) When it is necessary to erect poles or anchors in order to carry the wires from the main telephone line on the road allowance or street to applicant's premises, such poles and anchors in connection therewith will be supplied and erected by the Department at the expense of the applicant, or if arranged for in advance in writing, the applicant may furnish and erect such poles and anchors in accordance with the specifications and regulations of the Department.

#### Moves.

- (a) The charges for an outside move shall be the same as the installation charge.
- (b) The charges for an inside move shall be..... \$1.00

#### Excess Mileage.

The excess mileage rate for exchange service shall be 50c per month for each quarter mile or fraction thereof.

Rural Telephone Rates will be announced at a later date.

N. L. HARVEY,  
Acting Deputy Minister of Railways and Telephones.

### J. G. PUTMAN,

EXPERIENCED

### Live Stock and General Farm AUCTIONEER

Posted on Values, Pedigree and Blood Lines.  
A JUDGE OF QUALIFIED PURE BRED LIVE STOCK.  
Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write or see me Alberta Hotel, CROSSFIELD Alberta.

### JOHN F. MILLER Alberta's Eye Sight Specialist

404, UNDERWOOD BLOCK,  
CALGARY

WILL BE AT  
ALBERTA HOTEL, in CROSSFIELD,  
On FRIDAY, FEB. 21st.

For the purpose of Correcting all Defective Vision.

Regular Visits Made Hereafter.

REMEMBER THE DATE





## Work Wanted

Wanted Work for man and to in four horses, hauling hay or grain, or other work.—T. D. WILSON.  
P. O. Box 226



**\$250.00 REWARD**

**FOR INFORMATION**

That will lead to conviction of anyone criminally taking or disposing of any Cattle or Horses owned by undersigned.  
Brand Horses Left Thigh.  
Brand Cattle Left Hip.  
Earmark square crop each ear, with wire in stub. Registered horses branded and numbers right side of neck.  
G. F. STOOKE.

## NOTICE

Cattle Brand left ribs.

Horse Brand left shoulder.

Anyone having strays with this brand please notify.

G. A. C. DOUGAN,  
Crossfield.

## Estrays

ESTRAY.—One Red Cow, 8 years old, long horn. Branded on right hip. One Red Heifer Calf, white on belly. No brand. Sec. 24, Twp. 29, R. 28, w. 4. G. T. Jones, R.R. 1.

GEO. McLEOD,  
Brand Reader.

Estray.—One two-year-old Steer, light roan, horns drooping, has been in any place since the middle of June; also one red Steer Calf (early), branded on right ribs, indistinct. Jas. Smart, Sec.

Estray.—On T. Vandelliers place, Sec. 29, Twp. 28, Rge. 2, W. 5th; one two-year-old Red and White Steer, with horns. Branded on left ribs. Brand very badly blurred, and hardly recognizable.  
JOHN LENNON,  
Brand Reader.

ESTRAYS.—On Sec. 8, Twp. 28, R. 1, W. 5th, One Bull Calf, six months old, red and white. No visible brand. Also Heifer, three years old. No visible brand. Also Black Mule Steer. Branded . These have been on the above premises since about August 1918.  
John Lennon, Brand Reader.

## Strayed.

Strayed from 9 miles west and 4 miles north of Crossfield, one Buckskin mare, one Bay Gelding, white strip on face and top white feet, the two are branded one Bay Gelding, 2 hind white feet and strip on face. Branded one Bay Gelding, brand not known. One Bay Colt, star on face.

A reward will be given for recovery of the above. L. ROWAN,  
Crossfield Livestock Barn.

## For Sale

Will Sell for Cash only, 10 to 15 complete Steel Cows Stations, 2 in. tubing, including 1 post, sufficient head rail, 1 cement clevis, 1 alighting device, 1 station rest, one station with wire stop added. Worth in all when new \$16 each. Will sell for \$9.00 each in lots of 10. One or two farmers could clean together and buy this snap.  
CHAS. HULTGREN.

## NOTICE

All Births, Marriages and Deaths, must be registered according to law, otherwise offenders will be liable to a penalty.

By order,  
CHAS. HULTGREN,  
Registrar.

## Council Meetings

The council of the Village of Crossfield will meet in the Council Chamber over Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month, commencing with February at the hour of 8-30 o'clock, p.m.  
By Order of the Village Council.  
G. F. STOOKE, Sec. Treas.

## Legal Notice.

## APPLICATION FOR LEASE OF ROAD ALLOWANCE OF SURVEYED HIGHWAY

Notice is hereby given that Thomas Amery, of Crossfield, has made application to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, for a lease of the following road allowance surveyed highway, viz: lying west of Sec. 5, Twp. 29, R. 1, w. 5th.

Any protest against the granting of the above mentioned lease must be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

THOMAS AMERY,  
Crossfield, Alberta.  
(Applicant.)

Feb. 3rd, 1919.

## Violin &amp; Piano Study

## EXPERIENCED TEACHER

WILL RECEIVE PUPILS ON MONDAY

Call at the Alberta Hotel, Crossfield,  
11 a.m. to 2 p.m.

## For Sale.

Pure-Bred Barred Rock Cockerles for Sale, \$2.00 each. Apply

Mrs. S. C. RIDDLE,  
Cassara, Alta.

## Crossfield School District No. 752

The REGULAR MEETING of the above school Board will be held at the School House at 10 a. m. on the first Saturday of the following month: January, March, May, July, September and November. All matters of business pertaining to this district will be attended to at this meeting.

The office of the Sec. Treas. is in the Crossfield Drug Store.

A. R. THOMAS, Chairman.  
Merrick Thomas, Sec. Treas.

## Farmers Repair

## Shop

Special Attention Given to

## BLACKSMITHING.

PRICES RIGHT

ALEX JESSIMAN, Prop.

## EASTMAN KODAKS, FILMS, VELOX PAPER and POST CARDS.

Developing Tanks, Trays, &c.

For Sale by

MERRICK THOMAS, Druggist

## Dr. J. A. FORD,

## Veterinary Surgeon,

OFFICE: FORD GARAGE,  
CROSSFIELD, Alberta.

PHONE 34.

## We are open

to execute

Your orders

For Printing

of any description

Before sending

out of town

call at the

Chronicle Office.

## Red Cross Notes

The Annual Meeting of the Alberta Provincial Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society was held in the Palliser Hotel on Tuesday afternoon, February 18th. Delegates from nearly every society in the Province attended. The annual report of the society was read and adopted and the citizens of Alberta are to be congratulated on the splendid showing of last year.

The Executive Officers of the past year were re-elected to carry on the work, until signing of Peace, and for sixty days to allow for the closing up of business on a war time basis.

Interesting addresses were given by Lieut. Gov. Brett, R. B. Bennett, Provincial President; Bishop Pinkham, General Macdonald, Officer Commanding Military District 13. Mr. Waagen read a paper dealing with the proposed work in connection with peace time activities.

A resolution was then presented of the members of the society approving of an application being made to Parliament for such powers as will enable the Canadian Red Cross Society to carry Peace time activities, this was carried with scarcely a dissenting voice.

The report of the work of our local branches has been held over for another week.

The Sewing Circle will meet at the home of Mrs. A. Jessiman on Friday next, Feb. 28th.


## A LAST WORD

The Municipal Hall Insurance Act to be voted upon by the electors on February 27th, was prepared by a committee of farmers representing the old Hall Insurance District and the United Farmers of Alberta. The committee took advice and assistance from wherever it could be obtained, and they believe the Act provides the very best plan of Hall Insurance that has been offered to the farmers of Alberta. It has been enthusiastically and almost unanimously approved by the Annual Convention of the U.F.A. held at Edmonton last month, and by the Municipal Convention held in Calgary during this month, and deserves the careful consideration of every farmer.

The Act provides that the plan must be approved by the electors of at least forty-five Municipal Districts before it becomes operative. This means that the Hall Insurance District will be big enough and strong enough to be absolutely safe and sound.

The management of the business will be entirely in the hands of a Board of Directors to be elected by the farmers themselves. This board will have full authority to do everything necessary to carry on the business and for any purpose, to borrow the money required until the premiums are paid. By this plan all crops of grain, unless withdrawn from the operation of the Act, are automatically insured for \$8.00 per acre. Any farmer who wishes, may, on or before June 10th, reduce the Insurance to \$6.00 per acre, or he may insure part of his crop at \$8.00, or part at \$6.00, and withdraw part of it. He may withdraw all his land entirely from the operation of the Act and carry no insurance. In this case he will, of course, have no premium to pay and will have nothing whatever to do with the plan until he applies to be insured, which he may do at any time. The Act provides that adjustments of losses must be made promptly and awards must be paid within thirty days of the date of adjustment. The premiums will be levied by the Board in the fall and will be high enough to pay all the losses in full, all the expenses of administration and to provide for a small surplus. This surplus will be built up gradually until there is enough to carry on the business for one year.

Now, as to the cost. The experience of the old Hall Insurance District shows that this plan of insurance was carried on during the last five years at an average cost of 5.2-3 per cent. Under the proposed new plan, the Hall Insurance District will be much larger and even better results should be obtained. An average cost of 5.2-3 per cent means that Insurance of \$6.00 per acre would cost 54 cents per acre of crop insured, and \$8.00



**NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS COMMITTEE - OTTAWA**

SIR HERBERT R. AMES, Chairman  
CAMPBELL, SWENNEY, Vancouver  
JOHN BLAIR, Edmonton  
H. A. ALLISON, Calgary  
NUN, GEO. A. BELL, Regina  
JOHN CALST, Winnipeg  
GEO. M. REID, London

SIR GEORGE BURN, Ottawa  
W. M. BIRKA, Montreal  
RENE T. LECLEZ, Montreal  
SIR J. DOUGLAS HAZEN, St. John  
W. A. BLACK, Halifax  
HON. MURDOCK MCKINNON, Charlottetown

**For Information**  
REGARDING  
**War-Savings Stamps**

ADDRESS NEAREST OFFICE

BRITISH COLUMBIA	Room 615 Metropolitan Building, Vancouver
ALBERTA	214 8th Avenue West, Calgary; 742 Taylor Building, Edmonton
SASKATCHEWAN	805 McCallum-Hill Building, Regina
MANITOBA	501 Electric Railway Chambers, Winnipeg
THUNDER BAY	Room 416 Crick Exchange, Fort William, Ont.
WESTERN ONTARIO	341 Richmond Street, London, Ont.
CENTRAL ONTARIO	34 Toronto Street, Toronto
QUEBEC	Victoria Museum, Ottawa
EASTERN ONTARIO	160 St. James Street, Montreal
NEW BRUNSWICK	89 Prince William Street, St. John
NOVA SCOTIA	Metropole Building, Halifax Street, Halifax
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	Provincial Building, Charlottetown

O.H.M.S. Letters addressed to "Secretary, War-Savings Committee, . . . ." and marked on envelope "O. H. M. S." require no postage.

per acre Insurance would cost 46 cents per acre of crop insured.

The proposed plan, therefore, appears to be perfectly safe and sound, it has practically all the good features of any plan of Insurance and at a much less cost and easier terms of payment of premium than is obtainable under any other plan. As such it is recommended to your serious consideration.

Your obedient servants,  
THE HALL INSURANCE BOARD.

## CROSSFIELD LODGE I. O. O. F.

No. 42

Meets Every Wednesday Night in the Oddfellows Hall at 8 p.m.  
Visiting Brothers Welcome.

R. W. McFARLANE, N. G.  
S. WILLIS, Rec.-Sec.  
A. JESSIMAN, Fin.-Sec.

## \$25.00 Reward

Strayed, 10 head Horses branded on left shoulder, and two head with brand as cut on the left thigh.

One small Grey Mare, 800 lbs. Balance Clyde bred.

For information that will lead to the recovery of the above reward will be paid.

L. BEDDOES, Ingila.  
Phone R1011 Crossfield.

## LOST

Lost, from my place about 12 month Eight two-year old Steers. Branded 27 since last spring six Yearlings, no brand, and 1 heifer branded 27 on left hip. J. TROD, Crossfield.

Lost, about 4th Dec one Poland Boar, both ears from off. Finder Please notify Jos. Miller, Acme. Phone 240

## NOTICE

Cattle Brand left hip.

Both ears cut of with wire in stub.

Horse Brand left side or thigh.

Thomas Amery.

Also Cattle Brand right hip.

Both ears cut of with band in right

stub with name and address.

Horse Brand right thigh.

Amery and Son.

Anyone having strays with any of the above brands or ear marks please notify

THOMAS AMERY,

Phone 105 or AMERY & SON,  
or 708 Crossfield, Alta.

## ATLAS LUMBER Co. Ltd.

## Anticipate Your Wants

## in FENCE POSTS

We have a good stock of Green Cut Cedar and Willows, also Round Corner Posts at low prices. See them.

A. C. McLEES, Local Manager.

## Farm and Ranch LAND LISTINGS WANTED

For Sale or to Lease,  
From a Quarter Section to One or more Sections.

## A. W. GORDON,

AGENT FOR

## FARM &amp; RANCH LANDS

## INSURANCE of all Kinds,

## Money to Loan on Improved Farm Land

J. I. CASE T.M. Co.

PHONE 34.

P.O. Box, 44.